

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Rules 34 and 37 of the Rules of the Supreme Court of Arizona are amended as shown in Attachment B to this order, effective January 1, 2026.

DATED this 26th day of August, 2025.

/s/
ANN A. SCOTT TIMMER
Chief Justice

TO:

Rule 28 Distribution

Cory E Tyszka

Attorney Regulation Advisory Committee

ATTACHMENT A

RULES OF THE SUPREME COURT OF ARIZONA

NEW RULE 35

Rule 35. Bar Examination

(a) Definitions.

1. *Bar Exam.* “Bar Exam” means a test of minimum competency accepted by the Court to meet a requirement of admission to the practice of law in Arizona.

2. *Permission to Write.* “Permission to Write” means the Committee on Examinations’ approval to take a Bar Exam after four or more Attempts that fail to meet Arizona’s passing score.

3. *Attempt.* An “Attempt” means any bar examination, from any jurisdiction, in which the applicant has sat for any portion of the exam.

(b) Bar Exam Source and Content. The Court will establish by administrative order the identity, source, content, scope, and scoring of the Bar Exam.

(c) Bar Exam Application.

1. The Court will publish on its website the eligibility requirements, application requirements including fees and supporting documents, code of conduct, and deadlines relating to the Bar Exam.

2. Late fees will be established by the Court and assessed for applications submitted after the initial filing deadline but within the late filing deadline.

3. No Bar Exam application, fees, or supporting materials will be accepted after the late filing deadline.

4. An applicant who meets all application requirements will be certified to sit for the Bar Exam. The applicant will be notified of the certification.

5. If the Committee on Examinations or its designee find that a Bar Exam application or supporting materials are deficient, the applicant will be notified of the deficiency. The applicant may cure the deficiency until the late application deadline. Late fees will apply if the deficiency is not cured within the initial filing deadline. If the deficiency is not cured by the late filing deadline, the application will be withdrawn and the applicant will be notified.

6. A lack of good standing in any jurisdiction solely because of unpaid mandatory fees or incomplete mandatory continuing legal education requirements does not preclude an applicant from being certified to sit for the Bar Exam.

(d) Bar Exam Fees. The Court will establish by administrative order the fees required to take the Bar Exam. Bar Exam fees must be paid at the time of application to take a Bar Exam. Bar Exam fees are non-refundable after the initial filing deadline, even if the application is involuntarily withdrawn due to deficiency or denial of Permission to Write.

(e) Bar Exam Dates and Places. Unless the Court directs otherwise, the Bar Exam will be administered two times each year, once in February and once in July. The Court will publish on its website the date and place of the Bar Exam at least two weeks before the start of each administration.

(f) Bar Exam Grading.

1. The Committee on Examinations will grade the written portions of the Bar Exam according to generally applicable principles of law.

2. The Court will establish by administrative order the minimum passing score of the Bar Exam.

3. An applicant's Bar Exam result will be communicated to the applicant.

4. An applicant's Bar Exam scores will not be disclosed to the public. The Court is authorized to:

A. announce to the public the names of the applicants who have met the minimum passing score of the Bar Exam;

B. release to the public statistical results of the Bar Exam;

C. report to the applicant's law school the applicant's number of Attempts and status as passed, failed, withdrawn, embargoed, or canceled;

D. report to the applicant's law school detailed information about the applicant's performance on each section of the Bar Exam, including each section's median and standard deviation; this information will be kept confidential and may be used solely for scholarly research by the applicant's law school and for monitoring and improving the school's educational and student support programs; and

E. upon an applicant's request, certify an applicant's Bar Exam score to another jurisdiction to which the applicant seeks admission.

(g) Later Examinations.

1. Except as limited by Rule 35(g)(3), an applicant who fails the Bar Exam may apply to retake the Bar Exam.

2. An applicant who fails the Bar Exam and wants to sit for the next Bar Exam must submit a complete Bar Exam retake application, fees, and supporting materials by the late filing deadline or within 20 days of being notified of the failure to pass, whichever occurs later.

3. An applicant who has made 4 or more Attempts must request permission from the Committee on Examinations before sitting for a later Bar Exam. Permission to Write will be granted only if the Committee on Examinations determines that the applicant demonstrates a reasonable likelihood of passing the Bar Exam. To request Permission to Write, the applicant must submit with the Bar Exam application a statement including:

A. a list of any prior Attempts, withdrawals, or failures to appear, including the jurisdiction, month and year, and the score for each Attempt;

B. a list of all prior MPREs, if any, and the score for each MPRE;

C. a detailed description of how the applicant prepared for each Attempt in the past;

D. a detailed description of how the applicant is preparing for the requested Bar Exam and how this preparation differs from the applicant's preparation for prior Attempts;

E. a detailed description of why the applicant believes Permission to Write will result in a passing score; and

F. if applicable, a detailed description of other good cause or change in circumstances that the applicant believes is relevant to the Committee on Examinations' consideration.

The Committee on Examinations may request additional information or supporting documentation.

(h) Bar Exam Accommodations.

1. *Disability Accommodation.* An applicant may apply for Bar Exam disability accommodation within the deadlines established by the Court and published on its website.

A. An application for disability accommodation must include all forms and supporting documents as required and published by the Court on its website.

B. An applicant requesting accommodation for a disability must demonstrate a disability and that the accommodation requested is reasonable, appropriate, consistent with the nature and purpose of the examination, and necessitated by the applicant's disability.

C. The Committee on Examinations or its designee may request additional information or supporting documentation. Failure to timely provide this additional information may result in the denial of an accommodation request.

D. The Committee on Examinations may grant, deny, or modify the requested accommodation.

E. The Committee on Examinations will determine the scope and duration of an accommodation.

2. *Non-Disability Medical Accommodation.* An applicant may apply for Bar Exam accommodation for other health needs within the deadlines established by the Court and published on its website.

A. An application for non-disability accommodation must include all forms and supporting documents as required and published by the Court on its website.

B. The Committee on Examinations or its designee may request additional information or supporting documentation. Failure to timely provide this additional information may result in the denial of an accommodation request.

C. The Committee on Examinations or its designee may grant, deny, or modify the requested accommodation.

D. Non-disability accommodation will generally be granted only for a single administration of the Bar Exam unless otherwise determined by the Committee on Examinations or its designee.

(i) Bar Exam Conduct.

1. *Code of Conduct.*

A. An applicant must not falsify or misrepresent information required to sit for the Bar Exam, impersonate another applicant, or allow an impersonator to take the Bar Exam on the applicant's behalf.

B. An applicant must not bring any prohibited item into the examination building. A list of prohibited items will be published on the Court's website.

C. An applicant must not create or review notes in the examination building before beginning any session of the Bar Exam.

D. An applicant must not create a disruption or disturbance in the examination building.

E. An applicant must not give or receive help answering questions from any other applicant or source during the Bar Exam.

F. An applicant must not copy answers from or share answers with another applicant.

G. An applicant must stop testing, and must not type, write, erase, delete, or alter any answer, after testing time expires.

H. An applicant must not remove any Bar Exam material, data, or information from the examination room.

I. An applicant must not disclose any part of any Bar Exam question or answer to any person or in any public forum until after the questions have been publicly released by the Court or the source of the Bar Exam.

2. *Enforceability.* The Committee on Examinations or its designee may investigate and adjudicate any suspected violation of the code of conduct.

A. The Committee on Examinations, by majority vote, may take the following actions for any suspected violation of the code of conduct:

- i. Expelling an applicant from the Bar Exam.
- ii. Temporarily withholding an applicant's Bar Exam score.
- iii. Reporting the conduct to the Committee on Character & Fitness.

B. Following a Rule 35(i)(4) hearing, the Committee on Examinations may sanction any violation of the code of conduct by the following actions:

- i. Cancelling an applicant's Bar Exam score.
- ii. Reporting an applicant's conduct to the applicant's law school and any other jurisdiction to which the applicant seeks admission.
- iii. Precluding an applicant from sitting for the Bar Exam in Arizona for up to 5 years.
- iv. Imposing a monetary sanction for the costs and expenses associated with Rule 35(i)(4) proceedings.

3. *Discipline by Consent.* The Committee on Examinations may offer an applicant suspected of violating the code of conduct a consent agreement for discipline. An applicant who consents to discipline for a suspected violation of the code of conduct waives the rights provided by Rule 35(i)(4) and Rule 35(j).

4. *Hearings.* Before imposing any sanction set forth in Rule 35(i)(2)(B), the Committee on Examinations or its designee must hold a hearing to determine whether an applicant violated the code of conduct.

A. Notice. The Committee on Examinations or its designee must notify the applicant of the hearing, specifying:

- i. The time, place, and nature of the hearing;
- ii. The legal authority and jurisdiction of the hearing;
- iii. A short and plain statement as to the subject, allegation, and purpose of the hearing;
- iv. That the applicant may be represented by an attorney and afforded an opportunity to respond, present evidence, and cross-examine witnesses; and

v. That the Committee on Examinations or its designee has the burden of proving, by clear and convincing evidence, that the applicant violated the code of conduct.

B. Disclosure. 20 days before the hearing, or otherwise as agreed by the parties, the Committee on Examinations and the applicant will simultaneously disclose documents, witnesses, and other information to be used at the hearing. The Chair may permit untimely disclosed information to be admitted at the hearing for good cause.

C. Hearing Panel. The panel must consist of 5 members including the Chair of the Committee on Examinations or their designee, and may include members of the Committee on Character & Fitness. The Chair of the Committee on Examinations or their designee will preside over the hearing.

D. Conduct of Hearings. Each side may submit evidence and examine witnesses. The hearing will be recorded and may be conducted without adherence to the Arizona Rules of Evidence. Neither the manner of conducting the hearing nor the failure to adhere to the Rules of Evidence will be grounds for reversing any decision by the panel provided the evidence supporting the decision is substantial, reliable, and probative.

E. Burden of Proof. The Committee on Examinations or its designee has the burden of proving, by clear and convincing evidence, that the applicant violated the code of conduct.

F. Default Proceedings. If the applicant fails to appear for a hearing, the Committee on Examinations may summarily enter evidence, deem the allegations admitted, and enter sanctions by default.

G. Decision. The panel's decision requires the concurrence of a majority of panel members and must be in writing. If the panel finds a violation of the code of conduct, the panel's decision must include written findings of fact and recommendations to the Committee on Examinations.

H. Notice to Applicant. The panel's final decision must be mailed to the applicant's last known address, and a copy must be provided to the applicant's attorney of record, if applicable.

(j) Review by the Court.

1. *Petition for Review.* An applicant aggrieved by any decision of the Committee on Examinations may, within 20 days after the applicant was notified of the decision, file a verified petition for review with the Court.

A. The petition must succinctly state the facts that form the basis for the petition and the applicant's reasons for believing this Court should review the Committee on Examinations' decision.

B. A copy of the petition must be served on the Committee on Examinations at the time of filing.

C. Within 30 days of service of an applicant's petition for review, the Committee on Examinations or its designee may file a response to the petition.

D. No reply may be filed unless ordered by the Court *sua sponte*.

E. The Court will consider the matter and render a decision.

2. *Bar Exam Score.* The Committee on Examinations' decision regarding any applicant's Bar Exam score is final and will not be reviewed by the Court absent extraordinary circumstances.

3. *Sealing the Record.* Any document filed under Rule 35(j)(1) will be open to the public. Medical or psychological documents must be sealed upon request. The Court may seal any other portion of the record upon request.

ATTACHMENT B¹

RULES OF THE SUPREME COURT OF ARIZONA

Rule 34. Application for Admission

(a) **Methods of Admission to the Practice of Law in Arizona.** Persons desiring to be admitted to the practice of law in the State of Arizona may apply for admission by one of three methods: (1) admission by ~~Arizona uniform bar examination~~ Bar Exam, as defined in Rule 35(a)(1), (2) admission on motion, or (3) admission by transfer of ~~uniform~~-bar examination score from another jurisdiction.

(b) Applicant Requirements and Qualifications.

1. No applicant will be recommended for admission to the practice of law in Arizona by the Committee on Character and Fitness unless the Committee is satisfied that:

A. the applicant is over the age of 21~~twenty-one~~ years;

B. – C. [No change]

D. the applicant is a graduate with a juris doctor from a law school provisionally or fully approved by the American Bar Association at the time of graduation or the applicant is a graduate with a juris doctor and has been actively engaged in the authorized practice of law in one or more states, territories, or the District of Columbia for at least 3~~three~~ of the last 5~~five~~ years prior to filing an application for admission to practice in Arizona; ~~and~~

E. [No change]

F. the ~~Arizona uniform bar examination~~ Bar Exam applicant has successfully completed the course on Arizona law described in paragraph ~~(j)~~ (i) of this rule; ~~and~~

G. for applicants seeking admission under Rule 35, the applicant has earned a score deemed sufficient by the Court on a professional responsibility examination.

i. An applicant must pass a professional responsibility examination, which shall be the Multistate Professional Responsibility Examination prepared by the National Conference of Bar Examiners or an alternate professional responsibility examination, as deemed appropriate by the Court. An applicant seeking to take the Multistate Professional Responsibility Examination shall file an application directly with, and pay the fees specified by, the National Conference of Bar Examiners.

¹ Additions to the text of the rule are shown by underscoring and deletions are shown by ~~strike through~~.

ii. The Court shall establish the minimum acceptable score for the Multistate Professional Responsibility Examination.

iii. An applicant must submit proof satisfactory to the Committee on Examinations that the applicant has taken the Multistate Professional Responsibility Examination and received a minimum acceptable score within 8 years of a successful Bar Exam or within the time frame for taking the oath of admission after the successful Bar Exam in order to have the applicant's score accepted by the Committee on Examinations.

2. An applicant may be allowed to sit for the ~~Arizona uniform bar examination~~ Bar Exam prior to the award of a juris doctor degree if the applicant:

A. **[No change]**

B. is expected to graduate with a juris doctor degree within ~~one hundred twenty (120)~~ days of the first day of early exam administration;

C. has satisfied all requirements for graduation with a juris doctor except for not more than ~~eight (8)~~ semester hours or its equivalent in quarter hours at the time of early exam administration;

D. will not be enrolled in more than two ~~(2)~~ semester hours or its equivalent in quarter hours during the month of early bar examination testing and the immediately preceding month;

E. – F. **[No change]**

No applicant shall be recommended to practice law until graduation or satisfaction of all requirements for graduation, and completion of all requirements for admission to the practice of law under these rules. If an applicant under this subsection has not graduated with a juris doctor within ~~one hundred twenty (120)~~ days of the first day of early exam administration, all parts of the ~~Arizona uniform bar examination~~ Bar Exam, including the score, are void and the applicant's examination scores shall not be disclosed for any purpose. Scores may not be released until such time as satisfactory proof of award of juris doctor, as determined by the Court, is provided to the Committee. An early examination ~~which that~~ is voided shall count as an Attempt examination attempt under Rule 35~~(e)(1)(a)(3)~~.

At the completion of the juris doctor requirements and within ~~sixty (60)~~ days after graduation, the applicant must cause his or her law school, dean, or registrar to submit to the Committee on Character and Fitness proof of graduation, showing his or her juris doctor was conferred within ~~one hundred twenty (120)~~ days of the first day of early exam administration. Failure to complete the course of study within ~~one hundred twenty (120)~~ days of the examination and provide evidence of graduation within an additional ~~sixty (60)~~ days shall render the applicant's score void.

3. All applicants who received a passing grade on the Bar Exam and who are found to be otherwise qualified under these rules shall be recommended for admission to the practice of law.

34. The Committee on Character and Fitness shall endeavor to complete its inquiries, some or all of which may be delegated to the National Conference of Bar Examiners, to be in a position to recommend for or against a successful ~~Arizona uniform bar~~ examinee's admission to the practice of law no later than the time the results of the ~~Arizona uniform bar examination~~ Bar Exam are available for examination applicants. This time limitation is aspirational only; and may be extended for further inquiry and formulation of a recommendation when the circumstances of a case so require.

(c) Application and Character Report Materials. Any person desiring to be admitted to the practice of law in the State of Arizona must submit to the Committee on Character and Fitness an application in the form supplied by the Committee. The application for admission must be accompanied by required supporting documents and application fee.

1. The ~~Arizona uniform bar examination~~ Bar Exam applicant shall also complete and submit a character report accompanied by a character investigation fee as established by the Court. For an ~~Arizona uniform bar examination~~ Bar Exam applicants only, the character report and related fee may be submitted separately from the application for admission.

2. An applicant for admission ~~on motion or admission by transfer of uniform bar examination score~~ under Rules 34(e) or 34(g) shall submit character investigation materials together with the application.

(d) Documents Required in Support of Application. The following must accompany every application:

1. – 2. [No change]

~~3. an application fee as established by the Court;~~

~~43.~~ [No change in text]

~~54.~~ [No change in text]

~~(e) Arizona Uniform Bar Examination Application Filing Schedule; Fees.~~

~~1. On the basis of an application for admission by Arizona uniform bar examination properly and timely filed, with all required supporting documents and fees, the applicant will be certified to sit for the Arizona uniform bar examination. An applicant may be certified to sit for the Arizona uniform bar examination before satisfying the requirement of paragraph (b)(1)(E) of this rule.~~

~~2. The application for admission and all of the documents required to be submitted by the Arizona uniform bar examination applicant must be timely submitted, with~~

~~required fees, in accordance with the schedule and filing fees established by the Court. In the event an application, documents or fees are submitted after the initial filing deadline, late fees as established by the Court shall be assessed. No application, documents or fees will be accepted after the close of filing deadline, as established by the Court.~~

~~Any applicant failing to pass a written Arizona uniform bar examination who wishes to take the next subsequent examination must submit an application for examination, required supporting documentation, and application and examination fees as established by the Court, no later than twenty days after the date of the letter notifying the applicant of the applicant's failure to pass the written examination. If the application is submitted after twenty days, a late application fee shall be paid in accordance with the schedule and filing fees established by the Court. No application for subsequent Arizona uniform bar examination will be accepted after the filing deadline as established by the Court.~~

~~3. When an application to take the Arizona Uniform Bar Examination is properly filed with required supporting documents, after review, the applicant shall be promptly notified that the application is in order and that the applicant is certified to sit for the Arizona Uniform Bar Examination.~~

~~(f)~~(e) Admission on Motion.

1. An ~~application~~applicant who meets the requirements of (A) through (G) of this paragraph ~~(ef)~~(1) may, upon motion, be admitted to the practice of law in this jurisdiction.

The applicant shall:

A. either (i) have been admitted by bar examination to practice law in another jurisdiction allowing for admission of Arizona lawyers on a basis equivalent to this rule and primarily engaged in the active practice of law in one or more state(s), territories, or the District of Columbia for ~~three~~ of the ~~five~~ years immediately preceding the date upon which the application was filed, or (ii) have been admitted by bar examination to practice law in another jurisdiction that does not allow for admission of Arizona lawyers on a basis equivalent to this rule and thereafter were admitted to and primarily engaged in the active practice of law in another jurisdiction allowing admission of Arizona lawyers on a basis equivalent to this rule for ~~three~~ of the ~~five~~ years immediately preceding the date upon which the application is filed;

B. – G. [No change]

2. For the purposes of this rule, the “active practice of law” shall include the following activities, if performed in a jurisdiction in which the applicant is admitted, or if performed in a jurisdiction that permits such activity by a lawyer not admitted to practice; however, in no event shall any activities that were performed in advance of bar admission

in some state, territory, or the District of Columbia be accepted toward the durational requirement:

A. – F. [No change]

G. service as corporate counsel in Arizona while registered pursuant to Rule 38(a). Active practice performed within Arizona pursuant to Rule 38(a) may be applied to meet active practice requirements found in Rule 34(~~f~~)(1)(A)(ii) (e)(1)(A)(ii) provided all other requirements of Rule 34(~~f~~)(e) are met.

3. [No change]

4. An applicant shall not be eligible for admission on motion if within ~~three~~ years of filing the application the applicant has either 1) failed the ~~Arizona uniform bar examination~~ Bar Exam, or 2) ~~passed the uniform bar examination in another jurisdiction~~ another jurisdiction's bar examination accepted by the Court, but failed to achieve the ~~Arizona sealed score~~ minimum passing score deemed acceptable by the Court.

5. [No change]

~~(g)~~**(f) Admission on Motion Application Filing; Fees.** Any applicant seeking admission on motion to the practice of law in Arizona must meet the requirements of paragraph ~~(f)~~(e) of this rule and:

1. – 3. [No change]

~~(h)~~**(g) Admission by Transfer of ~~Uniform~~ Bar Examination Score.**

1. An applicant who has taken ~~the uniform~~ another jurisdiction's bar examination that is deemed acceptable by the Court in another jurisdiction and who meets the requirements of (A) through (G) of this paragraph ~~(h)~~(g)(1) may be admitted to the practice of law in this jurisdiction. Admission under this Rule 34(g) must be accomplished through score transfer from another jurisdiction's bar examination or other test of minimum competency deemed acceptable by the Court.

The applicant shall:

A. have achieved a ~~sealed score~~ on ~~the uniform~~ another jurisdiction's bar examination that is equal to or greater than the minimum acceptable score established by the Court and that was earned within ~~five~~ years prior to the applicant's taking the oath of admission and being admitted to the practice of law in Arizona;

B. [No change]

C. submit evidence of a passing score on the Multistate Professional Responsibility Examination as it is established in this jurisdiction, earned within ~~eight~~ years of the date of application or within the time frame for taking the oath of admission after the successful bar examination in order to have the applicant's score accepted by the Committee on Examinations;

D. – F. [No change]

G. submit evidence of successful completion of the course on Arizona law described in paragraph ~~(j)~~(i) of this rule.

2. For the purpose of paragraph ~~(h)(1)(a)–(g)(1)(A)~~ of this rule, a score is considered to have been earned on the date of administration of the ~~uniform–other~~ jurisdiction’s bar examination that resulted in the score.

3. An applicant who failed to earn the minimum acceptable score established by the Court within ~~six~~4 attempts, regardless of where the ~~uniform~~–bar examination was taken, shall not be eligible for admission by transfer of ~~uniform~~–bar examination score under this paragraph.

4. Before being admitted ~~by transfer of uniform bar examination score under this Rule 34(g)~~, the applicant must complete a course on Arizona law, the content and method of delivery of which shall be approved by the Supreme Court.

~~(j)~~(h) **Admission by Transfer of Uniform–Bar Examination Score Application Filing; Fees.** Any applicant seeking admission to the practice of law ~~based on transfer of uniform bar examination score must meet the requirements of paragraph (h) under Rule 34(g) and~~ shall:

1. file an application for admission by transfer of ~~uniform~~–bar examination score, including character investigation information, in a manner established by the Court, including all required supporting documents, and

2. [No change]

~~(j)~~(i) **Completion of Course on Arizona Law.** Before being admitted, ~~to the practice of law in Arizona, Arizona uniform bar examination applicants, applicants for admission by transfer of uniform bar examination score, and applicants for admission upon motion applicants applying to practice law in Arizona under Rules 34(e), 34(g), or 35~~ must complete a course on Arizona law, the content and delivery of which shall be approved by the Supreme Court.

~~(k)~~ **Deficiency in Examination Application and Supporting Documents.** If the Committee on Examinations finds that an application is deficient, or the required supporting documents are deficient, or both, the Committee shall advise the applicant in writing of the deficiency, and the assessment of applicable late fees as established by the Court. The Committee shall allow the applicant either to supply additional information or to correct, explain in writing, or otherwise remedy the defects in the applicant's application, supporting documents, or fees up until the filing deadline. If such deficiencies in an examination application are not cured by the examination deadlines established by the Court, and if the Committee's reasons for refusing to grant permission for the applicant to take an examination are of record as a part of the applicant's file, the

~~Committee shall withdraw the application and advise the applicant of such withdrawal and the reasons therefor.~~

~~(j)~~ **(j)** [No change in text]

~~(k)~~ **(k)** **Failure to Meet Standards; Effect on Time for Reapplication.** If the Committee or the Court has denied an applicant admission to the practice of law by reason of the failure to meet the standards required by paragraph (b) of this rule, such applicant may not reapply for a period of five years from the date of denial of admission, unless the Committee or the Court orders otherwise.

~~(l)~~ **(l)** [No change in text]

1. [No change]

2. *Summary Suspension.* A new admittee who fails to comply with the requirements of paragraph ~~(n)(1)~~ (l)(1) of this rule shall be summarily suspended from the practice of law in Arizona, upon motion of the state bar pursuant to Rule 62, provided that a notice by certified, return receipt mail of such non-compliance shall have been sent to the member, mailed to the member's last address of record in the state bar office at least ~~thirty~~ 30 days prior to such suspension, but may be reinstated in accordance with these rules.

* * *

Rule 37. Miscellaneous Provisions Relating to Admissions

(a) Time Limitations on Admission.

1. No ~~Arizona Uniform examination~~ applicant who sat for the Bar Exam, as defined in Rule 35(a)(1), shall be admitted to the practice of law in Arizona until the applicant has successfully satisfied all requirements of Rule 34, Rule 35, Rule 36, and Rule 37 ~~completed the Arizona uniform bar examination, satisfied the Multistate Professional Responsibility Examination requirements,~~ and has been recommended for admission by the Committee on Character and Fitness. Failure to take the oath of admission and be admitted to the practice of law in Arizona within five years of ~~successful Arizona uniform bar examination earning a passing score on the Bar Exam~~ will void all examination scores, and the applicant will be required to successfully retake all required examinations and comply with all required procedures relating to Character and Fitness determinations. ~~Arizona bar examination~~ Bar Exam attempts prior to ~~adoption of the uniform bar exam July 2012,~~ successful or unsuccessful, shall be considered equivalent to the Arizona uniform bar examination and the Bar Exam for purposes of these rules.

2. No applicant for admission on motion shall be admitted to the practice of law in Arizona until the applicant has successfully satisfied all requirements of Rule 34, Rule 36, and Rule 37 and has been recommended for admission by the Committee on

Character and Fitness. Failure to take the oath of admission and be admitted to the practice of law in Arizona within five years from the date of application will void all application and character investigation materials, and the applicant will be required to resubmit an application and comply with all required procedures relating to admission on motion.

3. No applicant for admission based on transfer of ~~uniform~~ another jurisdiction's bar examination score deemed acceptable by the Court from another jurisdiction shall be admitted to the practice of law in Arizona until the applicant has successfully satisfied all requirements of Rule 34, Rule 35, Rule 36, and Rule 37, and has been recommended for admission by the Committee on Character and Fitness. Failure to take the oath of admission and be admitted to the practice of law in Arizona within five years of earning a score on another jurisdiction's bar examination, as deemed acceptable by the Court, a uniform bar examination in another jurisdiction for which the applicant earned the minimum acceptable score established by the Court will void all application and character investigation materials, and the applicant will be required to resubmit an application and comply with all required procedures relating to admission to the practice of law in Arizona.

4. The 5-year timeframe referenced in Rules 37(a)(1) and 37(a)(3) shall commence on the last date on which the bar examination or Bar Exam was administered and not the date(s) on which the applicant's score was released.

(b) [No change]

(c) [No change]

1. – 2. **[No change]**

3. except for applicants who applied in accordance with Rule 34(b)(2) and who have not satisfied the evidence of graduation requirement, report to the law school from which the applicant graduated data and information consistent with Rule 35(f)(4)(C) and 35(f)(4)(D);:

~~A. the applicant's status as pass, fail, or withdrew from examination, and~~

~~B. detailed information about how the applicant performed on the different sections of the examination, along with the overall median and standard deviations for each section, providing the applicant consents to its release; any detailed information provided will be kept confidential and may be used solely for scholarly research by the applicant's law school and for monitoring and improving the school's educational and student support programs; and~~

4. disclose to an applicant, as required by Rule 36(f), evidence to be used at the hearing; and

5. disclose to an applicant, under Rule 35(i)(4), evidence to be used at a hearing.

(d) Refund of Fees.

~~1. An applicant who submits an application for admission by Arizona uniform bar examination and who has paid the fees required by these rules and thereafter withdraws the application or fails to appear for the examination applied for, shall be entitled to a partial refund or credit of the fees paid, as established by the Court, provided the applicant notifies the Committee in writing no later than the filing deadline for that examination as set by the Court. If an applicant receives approval pursuant to Rule 35(c)(3) on or after the filing deadline for the examination, the applicant must submit a written request to withdraw within five calendar days of receipt of approval by the Committee to be entitled to a partial refund. No part of the fees paid to the National Conference of Bar Examiners is refundable.~~

~~2. Applicants for admission on motion and applicants for admission based on transfer of uniform bar examination score under Rules 34(e) and 34(g) shall not receive a refund of the application fee for any reason, including denial of admission, withdrawal of the application, or failure to pursue admission after application, regardless of the date the applicant notifies the Committee. Credit for the fees paid by an applicant who withdraws or fails to pursue admission after application will be applied to any application made by the applicant for two(2) years from the date of the original application.~~

(e) [No change]